

Merit Pay Increases-Design Options

Fiscal Year 2023

Overview

Performance-based rewards are an important component of Total Rewards at the University of Minnesota and are essential to creating a culture of operational excellence and continuous improvement. A merit pool of 3.85% is being recommended for fiscal year 2023. This document outlines approaches you can take to differentiate pay increases for top performers. If a 3.85% merit pool is not approved by the Board of Regents in June 2022, this memo still provides fundamental guidance but does not in any way guarantee a 3.85% merit pool.

Pre-Work: Setting the Foundation

Each campus/college/unit at the University is afforded flexibility in how merit increases are awarded. However, the following steps should be taken to ensure a solid foundation for your area's merit increase planning. Please work with your campus/college/unit senior leadership team to address the following pre-work:

Step 1	Review and update your performance review tool to ensure it will:			
	Effectively measure the behaviors and work outcomes you wish to reward			
	Provide information and/or ratings you will need to differentiate low from high performance			
Step 2	Clearly identify the group of employees whose performance will be compared.			
	Will performance of all employees within a campus/college/unit be compared?			
	Will smaller groups be used for comparison within the campus/college/unit?			
Step 3	Determine how much money you have for each merit comparison grouping as calculated by, or			
	with direction from, the chief financial manager of each campus/college/unit (RRC). The amount			
	of increases you award cannot exceed 3.85% of the total base salaries of eligible faculty and staff			
	within a unit.			
	If a campus/college/support unit (Resource Responsibility Center—RRC) believes there is a			
	compelling business need to provide a merit pool greater than or less than 3.85%, the			
	campus/college/support unit must submit written justification by May 13, 2022, to Provost			
	Rachel Croson and OHR Vice President Ken Horstman. Any proposal to reduce the average merit pool below 3.85% should be grounded in data reflecting how salaries in the unit meet or			
	exceed relevant market comparisons. The Provost and OHRVP will consult together and with			
	the Finance and Operations Office as necessary on any review of written justifications.			
	Campuses, colleges, and academic and non-academic units should submit written			
	justifications to provost@umn.edu and ohrvp@umn.edu.			
Step 4	Select the approach you will use to award performance-based increases.			
	See next section on "Selecting Your Design Option" for sample models.			
Step 5	Agree on how you and senior leaders in your unit will conduct a joint review to calibrate			
	performance ratings, ensure legal compliance, and adhere to University policies and guidelines.			

Note Regarding Employees Paid Over Range Maximum: Employees who are paid above their salary range maximum must receive their annual increase in the form of a lump sum payment, rather than applied to their base salary. In situations in which an employee will be paid over the range maximum after receiving their merit increase, the employee can have the merit increase applied to their base until the point their salary reaches the range maximum. Any further portion of the merit increase must be awarded as a lump sum increase.

Selecting Your Design Option

There are limitless ways to award performance-based increases. This guide highlights three approaches that you may wish to consider. These options are arranged from least to most structured. The success of any merit increase model is highly dependent on the ability to:

- 1. Sort people into unsatisfactory and low performance categories
- 2. Award increases to top performers that are 75–80% higher than the 3.85% increase. This translates to an increase of roughly 7% for top performance.

MODEL 1: UPSIDE POTENTIAL FOR HIGHEST-RANKED PERFORMERS (Lump Sum or Increase to Base Salary)

All employees are first sorted into one of two categories, either "unsatisfactory" or "satisfactory" performance. Salary increases are calculated using the percentages in the chart below:

Increase for unsatisfactory and low performers	Increase for all remaining employees who are performing both proficiently and beyond expectations	High-Performance Award
	expectations	
0%	3.50%-3.85%	*See calculation options below

^{*}The amount remaining for a High-Performance Award is calculated by subtracting the total salary increases from the first step of this exercise from the full 3.85% salary increase. The remaining dollar amount is the fund for your High-Performance Award pool. Simply divide the High-Performance Award pool by the dollar amount you would like to provide to a top performer. This will tell you how many employees can receive this additional increase, which could be:

- Awarded as a percentage increase to base salary
- o Awarded as a one-time lump sum payment

MODEL 2: PERCENT INCREASE AWARDED BASED ON FORCED RANKING OF PERFORMANCE

Employees Performing in Lowest	Employees Performing in Middle	Employees Performing in Top
10%	<i>80%</i>	10%
0% increase	3.85% increase	7% increase

MODEL 3: PERCENT INCREASE AWARDED BASED ON 3-POINT PERFORMANCE RATING SCALE AND RANGE POSITION

The increase percentages awarded in this model would be calculated based on the overall merit pool and the distribution of people falling into each cell. This model should only be used if highly accurate salary ranges are in place.

	Performance Requires Improvement	Performance Meets Expectations	Performance Exceeds Expectations
Salary is high in range	0%	3%	3.85%
Salary is mid-range	0%	3.85%	4.7%
Salary is low in range	0%	4.7%	6.4%

Create an Implementation Plan

Once you have your performance review tool, merit increase percentage, and employee peer groups identified, work with your campus/college/unit senior leadership team to create a merit pay implementation timeline that includes:

- 1. Clear assignment of roles and responsibilities
- 2. Creation of communications, forms, and supporting documents
- 3. Dates when preliminary performance reviews will be completed
- 4. Dates when senior leadership will meet to discuss preliminary reviews and distribution performance among employees
- 5. Financial analysis: translation of performance rankings into merit increase amounts
- 6. Dates when final reviews and merit increase awards will be communicated to employees
- 7. Training dates for managers and supervisors on the tools and process, as well as how to effectively determine the merit amount and communicate the results to employees
- 8. Training dates for employees on how performance will be evaluated, how increases will be determined, and timing of the merit increase cycle
- 9. Handoffs with Payroll and HRMS at the local and central level to ensure appropriate and efficient processing of increases.

Any communications to employees about any salary increases for fiscal year 2023 should state that the increase is contingent on final approval of the budget by the Board of Regents in June.